Oklahoma’s Budget: Where We’ve Been, Where We Are, Where We’re Going

State Budget Summit
January 24, 2019
David Blatt, Executive Director
Who We Are

• Advance equitable and fiscally responsible policies to expand opportunity for all Oklahomans through non-partisan research, analysis and advocacy

• 17-person full-time staff based mostly in Tulsa

• 501(c)(3) organization funded by national and local foundations, individuals, organizations, and businesses.
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• Conduct research, give presentations, write columns on budget and tax, other issues

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Budget Basics

The Oklahoma Constitution Bill of Rights

(Section II-1: Political Power – Purpose of Government)

“All political power is inherent in the people; and government is instituted for their protection, security, and benefit, and to promote their general welfare; and they have the right to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require it”
Budget Basics

WHY THIS MATTERS:

“The budget is not just a collection of numbers, but an expression of our values and aspirations.”

- Jacob Lew
Budget Basics

To promote the general welfare and build a thriving, prosperous state, we need adequate and effective investments in Oklahoma’s people and communities

- Well-educated, well-trained workforce
- Well-functioning infrastructure
- Enforcement of economic rules
- Healthy communities
- Safe streets and neighborhoods
- Protected natural resources
- Strong families
- Support for those in need
Budget Basics

Oklahoma is an Overall Low-Tax State

Oklahoma State & Local Taxes as Percentage of Personal Income are Lower than All Surrounding States, 2015

- Oklahoma: 8.4%
- Missouri: 8.6%
- Texas: 8.8%
- Colorado: 8.9%
- Kansas: 9.4%
- Arkansas: 9.9%
- New Mexico: 11.0%
- United States: 10.1%

Data Source: U.S. Census

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Budget Basics
Oklahoma’s tax mix is fairly well-balanced

State and Local Taxes by Source, 2013
Total=$13.5 billion

General sales 34%
Individual income 22%
Other 12%
Property 17%
Motor vehicle 5%
Motor fuel 3%
Corporate income 4%
Tobacco 2%
Alcoholic beverage 1%

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Budget Basics

Average Oklahomans pay a greater share than the wealthy

Budget Basics

Most of the budget goes to 10 largest agencies

FY 2019 Appropriations to Ten Largest Agencies

- Total Appropriations: $7,567 M
- Total Ten Largest: $6,887 M (91.0%)

- Common Ed., $2,913 M (39%)
- OHCA (Medicaid), $1,132 M (15%)
- Higher Ed., $777 M (10%)
- DHS, $729 M (10%)
- Corrections, $517 M (7%)
- Mental Health, $337 M (4%)
- Transportation, $166 M (2%)
- Career Tech, $124 M (2%)
- Public Safety, $98 M (1%)
- Juv. Affairs, $93 M (1%
- All Other Agencies, $680 M (9%)

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Where We’ve Been
Where We’ve Been

Oklahoma’s tax collections have not kept pace with a growing economy

State and Local Taxes as % of Personal Income, Oklahoma and United States, FY 1980 - FY 2015

Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities
Where We’ve Been

Taxes have been cut greatly in recent years

- The top income tax rate was cut by 27 percent
- By 2016, the state was collecting $1.022 billion less each year as a result of cuts to the top tax rate
Where We’ve Been

The benefits from tax cuts have not contributed to broad-based prosperity

Oklahoma Income Tax Rate Reductions Since Mid-2000s
Average Tax Cut for 2016
(Average Income in Group, 2016)

- Lowest 20% ($12,700): $4
- Second 20% ($28,400): $72
- Middle 20% ($49,800): $228
- Fourth 20% ($81,000): $589
- Next 15% ($138,700): $1,204
- Next 4% ($298,500): $2,669
- Top 1% ($1,648,000): $16,519

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Where We’ve Been

Growing cost of tax incentives for oil and gas producers and other tax breaks

![Annual Cost of Gross Production Tax Breaks and Rebates (in $M), FY 2014- FY 2019](chart)

**Source:** Oklahoma Policy Institute calculations based on Oklahoma Tax Commission data
Where We’ve Been

The FY 2018 budget was shrunk by 15.6 percent compared to a decade ago, adjusted for inflation.

Total State Appropriations Adjusted for Inflation

(in $ millions; adjusted to 2016 dollars using State and Local Government Implicit Price Deflator)

Percentage Change, FY 2009-FY 2018: -15.6%

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Many state agencies lost more than one-quarter of their state funding.
Where We’ve Been

Schools have had less money while serving more students

State Aid Funding for Schools Has Not Kept Up With Enrollment

- FY '08: $2,050M
- FY '09: 641,721 students
- FY '10: $1,871M (8.7% decrease)
- FY '11: $2,050M
- FY '12: $2,100
- FY '13: 694,816 students (8.3% increase)
- FY '14: $2,050
- FY '15: $2,100
- FY '16: $2,050
- FY '17: $2,100
- FY '18: $2,100

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Where We’ve Been

Among the deepest cuts to public education in the nation

Percent change in per pupil spending in Oklahoma, inflation adjusted

-26.9% (worst in U.S.)

-14.4% (11th worst in U.S.)

-11.8% (12th worst in U.S.)

Data Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities
Where We’ve Been

Oklahoma made deepest higher education funding cuts

State appropriations for higher education down 25.6% from 2009

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Where We’ve Been

Oklahoma has the lowest correctional staffing ratio in the nation

Oklahoma State Prisons Have 4,772 More Inmates and 461 Fewer Correctional Officers Since 2000
Where We’ve Been

• Oklahoma has among the highest rate of individuals suffering frequent mental distress and highest rate of children with multiple Adverse Childhood Experiences

• Per capita mental health funding is among the lowest in the nation

ODMHSAS Appropriations FY 2013-18

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY '13</td>
<td>$311 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '14</td>
<td>$337 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '15</td>
<td>$339 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '16</td>
<td>$326 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '17</td>
<td>$325 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '18</td>
<td>$328 M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Thousands of Oklahomans with developmental disabilities are waiting a decade or more to receive home- and community-based waiver services.

Over 7,600 families are on the DDSD waiting list (March 2018)

*Developmental Disabilities Services division of Oklahoma Department of Human Services*
Where We Are

Feeling better?
Where We Are

• Lawmakers approved >$500M in new tax revenue in 2018
• HB 1010xx passed with greater than $\frac{3}{4}$ support – first outright tax increase since passage of SQ 640 in 1992

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special Session Revenue Increases</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gross Production Tax - 5% Initial Rate (HB 1010xx)</td>
<td>$158,510,872</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cigarette tax increase - $1 per package (HB 1010xx)</td>
<td>$144,470,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxing little cigars as cigarettes (HB 1010xx)</td>
<td>$906,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas tax increase - $0.03 per gallon (HB 1010xx)</td>
<td>$49,380,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diesel tax increase - $0.06 per gallon (HB 1010xx)</td>
<td>$50,353,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Itemized deductions cap (HB 1011xx)</td>
<td>$83,347,438</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online commerce sales tax extension (HB 1019xx)</td>
<td>$19,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total New Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$507,568,404</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Where We Are

Overall state appropriations increased by $601 million (8.6 percent) for FY 2019

Oklahoma State Appropriations, FY 2009 to FY 2019

(in $ millions, includes mid-year cuts & supplementals)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Rainy Day Fund</th>
<th>Federal Aid</th>
<th>State Revenues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY '09</td>
<td>$7,125</td>
<td>$224</td>
<td>$30</td>
<td>$7,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '10</td>
<td>$6,959</td>
<td>$273</td>
<td>$838</td>
<td>$5,897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '11</td>
<td>$6,765</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>$554</td>
<td>$5,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '12</td>
<td>$6,603</td>
<td></td>
<td>$99</td>
<td>$6,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '13</td>
<td>$6,874</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '14</td>
<td>$7,197</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$7,152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '15</td>
<td>$7,235</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$7,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '16</td>
<td>$7,030</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,801</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '17</td>
<td>$6,902</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '18 Initial</td>
<td>$6,848</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '18 Final</td>
<td>$6,966</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY '19 Projected</td>
<td>$7,567</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Oklahoma Policy Institute | www.okpolicy.org
Public education was the major beneficiary ($480M)

- $353 million for teacher pay raise (average raise of $6,100, about 18 percent);
- Increases for support staff raises ($52M), health benefits ($24M), textbooks ($33M)
- Small increase for state aid formula - $17 million
Where We Are

The FY 2019 budget also included additional funding for:

• State employee raises ($500 - $2,000);
• Rate increases for Medicaid, mental health, substance abuse, foster care, adoption providers;
• $2 million to OKDHS to serve families on the developmental disabilities waiting list
• $4.8 million to Corrections for electronic offender management system;
• $7.8 million to higher education for concurrent enrollment.
Where We Are

The state’s budget is still 9.4 percent ($788 million) below the budget of a decade ago (FY 2009) adjusted for inflation.

Oklahoma State Appropriations, Adjusted for Inflation

In 2017 dollars, adjusted by State & Local Government Implicit Price Deflator
Where We Are

• State spending has fallen from 5.4 percent of state personal income in 2008 to 4.1 percent today

State spending has shrunk over time
State Appropriations as Share of State Personal Income, FY '80 - FY '19

Source: OK Policy analysis of Bureau of Economic Analysis quarterly state personal income data and annual state appropriations, various sources. Assumes 3% growth of state personal income from July 2018 - June 2019
Where We Are

Most state agencies funded far below a decade ago

Change in Agency Funding, FY 09 - FY 19, by Number of Agencies

- >40% Cut: 13
- 30-40% Cut: 11
- 20-30% Cut: 13
- 0-20% Cut: 10
- 0-10% Increase: 7
- >10% Increase: 10
Where We Are

Teacher pay is just one part of the school funding crisis

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**EMERGENCY TEACHING CERTIFICATES 2011-2018**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Emergency Teaching Certificates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011-2012</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012-2013</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013-2014</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-2015</td>
<td>505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-2016</td>
<td>1,063</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-2017</td>
<td>1,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017-2018</td>
<td>1,975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018-2019 *</td>
<td>2,852</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: State Department of Education*

*Through Dec. 2018*
Where We Are

Even with last year’s increases, Oklahoma per-pupil spending is at least $1,669 below regional average

Source: National Center for Education Statistics
Where We Are

• Most state agencies received flat funding this year except for modest employee pay raises
• Most of these public servants went 7-10 yrs. without a raise
• State workforce is 11 percent smaller than in 2009

Oklahoma State Government Employs
More Than 4,000 Fewer Workers Compared to 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY</th>
<th>Employees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY-09</td>
<td>39,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-10</td>
<td>38,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-11</td>
<td>36,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-12</td>
<td>35,842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-13</td>
<td>35,884</td>
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<tr>
<td>FY-14</td>
<td>36,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>36,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-16</td>
<td>36,376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY-17</td>
<td>35,002</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Where Are We Going?
Where Are We Going?

- FY ‘19 GR thru December +15.8 percent from last year
- Slightly above pre-Great Recession levels
Where Are We Going?

- GR collections currently $146M (4.9%) above estimate
- Full-year surplus projected to be $422.7M (6.5%)
- Surplus will be deposited in Rainy Day Fund

Rainy Day Fund Balances, FY '01 - FY '18 in $ Millions; all Balances as of Start of Fiscal Year

[Bar chart showing the balance of the Rainy Day Fund from FY '01 to FY '19]
Where Are We Going?

- Initial FY 2020 certification: $8.287 million
- $720 million increase (+9.5%) from FY ‘19 appropriations
Where Are We Going?

Before everyone gets their hopes up too high...

• Revised economic forecast
  • Initial projections based on $55 oil, $3.03 gas

• Spending obligations
  • Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund
  • Bond payments
  • Loss of federal Graduate Medical Education and CHIP dollars
  • Flexible Benefit Allowance
Where Are We Going?

Intense competition for available dollars:

• Common Education - $440M
  • $273 million to enforce class size limits
• Higher Education - $101.3M
• DOC - $1.57B
• Mental Health - $161M
  • $91.6M for Smart on Crime
• State Employees & Retirees - $185M
• many, many others
Where Are We Going?

Beyond next year, Oklahoma faces a growing structural budget deficit

- **Structural deficit**: “A situation that occurs when a state’s “normal growth of revenues is insufficient to finance the normal growth of expenditures year after year”

Source: Kent Olson, Oklahoma’s Long-Run Budget Prospects: 2019-2030 (forthcoming)
Where Are We Going?

Contributors to the structural budget deficit:

• Outdated tax system
• Fiscally irresponsible tax policies
• Rising health care costs
• Unfunded pension liabilities
• Mass incarceration
Where Are We Going?

What Should We Do?

• Positive steps in recent sessions
  • Tobacco trust fund protected
  • Stronger pension systems
  • Greater scrutiny of tax credits
  • New budget reserve fund
  • Stopped the movement for income tax repeal
  • Recognition of structural deficit and need for new revenues
  • Openness to new taxes
  • HB 1010xx
What Should We Do?

- An agenda for a sustainable budget
  1. Protect the revenue base
  2. Prioritize key investments
  3. Restore and expand the state Earned Income Tax Credit
  4. End unnecessary tax breaks and loopholes
  5. Reverse income tax cuts on high earners
  6. Adopt better budgeting practices
  7. Repeal or revise SQ 640

Where Are We Going?
Where Are We Going?

Together Oklahoma is a grassroots, nonpartisan coalition of citizens, community groups, and businesses working together to ensure important public investments that support a robust economy and quality of life.

Website: www.togetherok.org
Follow on Twitter: @togetherok
Like on Facebook: TogetherOklahoma

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For More Information

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